

ST. ANDREWS SCOTS SCHOOL
Adjacent Navniti Apartments
I.P. Extension, Patparganj Delhi-110092

Session: 2025-2026

CLASS: VII

SUB: SOCIAL SCIENCE

TOPIC: CIVICS

WORKSHEET

Multiple Choice Questions:

1. What is a common characteristic of private healthcare facilities in urban areas?
 - (i) Free services
 - (ii) Government ownership
 - (iii) Payment for services
 - (iv) Exclusive to the wealthy
2. What is the main challenge in rural areas hindering access to education?
 - (i) Infrastructure
 - (ii) Distance
 - (iii) Gender
 - (iv) Poverty
3. Firozabad specialises in the production of which of the following glass products, apart from bangles?
 - (i) Windows
 - (ii) Bottles
 - (iii) Sculptures.
 - (iv) Furniture
4. What is a characteristic of weekly markets that helps keep product prices lower?
 - (i) Permanent stalls
 - (ii) High electricity costs
 - (iii) Rent for space
 - (iv) Temporary stalls
5. Which of the following acts declared giving and taking dowry as illegal in India?
 - (i) The Child Marriage Restraint Act
 - (ii) The Equal Remuneration Act
 - (iii) The Anti-Dowry Act
 - (iv) The Marriage Act of 1961
6. What kind of work is typically performed by domestic workers, leading to their often low wages?
 - (i) Household chores
 - (ii) Office jobs

- iii) Skilled labour iv) Professional services

Fill in the blanks:

1. The first Indian blood bank was established during the _____ in _____.
2. _____ is India's largest blood bank.
3. _____ is Begum Rokeya's most famous book.
4. _____ is the Asia's largest wholesale market dealing with several products.
5. _____ seller sells products like shoelaces, dusters etc.
6. _____ can be found in major cities with same name & same stock.
7. In Bengal, a new bride wears a conch shell bangle and a red coral bangle which are locally called _____ & _____.
8. Bangles signify _____ & _____.
9. The artisans have to work in _____ furnaces with a high temperature.
10. According to the law, medicines should be sold only to people with a _____ from a doctor.
11. Both girls and boys should be groomed to share _____ work.

Match the following:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Child Marriage Restraint Act. | i. 1961 |
| 2. Anti-Dowry Law | ii. 1976 |
| 3. Equal Remuneration Act | iii. 1993 |
| 4. Rashtriya Mahila Kosh | iv. 1975 |
| 5. Anganwadi | v. 1929 |

True or False:

1. Gender inequality begins at early phase of life.
2. Men are expected to be docile.
3. The bangles found in Indus valley Civilization were made up of iron, copper, ivory and precious stones.
4. Household tasks like cleaning, cooking, do not require physical strength.
5. Neighbourhood markets are typically located far from residential areas.
6. Our Constitution gives equal rights to all the citizens irrespective of gender.
7. The bangle makers don't have direct access to the market.
8. Firozabad is also known as Stone City of India.
9. Women are differentiated on the basis of the work they do.

10. Men cannot take part in women's movement.

Very Short Questions:

1. Write the full form of STEP.
2. What is Dowry?
3. Who are Itinerant retailers?
4. Define Campaigning.
5. What are weekly markets?
6. Who is a wholesaler?